## Plants Commonly Encountered in Estuarine Wetlands Ver. 1

## A Field Guide for Practitioners of the California Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands and Riparian Areas (CRAM)

This field guide is intended to assist practitioners of CRAM in recognizing and identifying commonly encountered plants found in estuarine wetlands. The plant layer\* in which each species is typically found is also noted. Although this guide was developed primarily for the southern California region, many of the species listed are found statewide.

For the purposes of CRAM, a plant "layer" is a stratum of vegetation indicated by a discreet canopy at a specified height that comprises at least 5% of the area of a CRAM assessment area where the layer is expected.



## <u>Plants Commonly Encountered in Estuarine</u> <u>Wetlands</u>

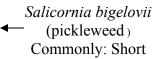


Sarcocornia pacifica\* (common pickleweed)
Commonly: short and medium
\* formerly Salicornia virginica





Salicornia subterminalis (pickleweed, glasswort) Commonly: Short

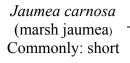








Batis maritima P. Mill. (saltwort, beachwort)
Commonly: Short







Frankenia salina
(alkali heath)

Commonly: Short











Suaeda esteroa

(sea-bite)

Commonly: Short to medium







Cressa truxillensis

(alkali weed) \_\_\_\_\_\_
Commonly: Short



Monanthochloe littoralis (shoregrass)
Commonly: Short





Cuscuta salina
(dodder)
Commonly: medium

Distichlis spicata (salt grass) Commonly: short







Limonium californicum (marsh rosemary )
Commonly: short to medium



Heliotropium curassavicum
(seaside heliotrope)
Commonly: short







Spartina foliosa
(cordgarss)
Commonly: tall



Juncus acutus (spiny rush) Commonly: tall





Atriplex lentiformis \_ (Brewers Salt Bush ) Commonly: Tall



Pluchea odorata

← (salt marsh fleabane )
Commonly: Tall

Isocoma menziesii (coastal golden bush) → Commonly: Tall

